

Scheme Advisory Board - Committee Local Pension Board Effectiveness 12th May 2017



Agenda

- Introductions and Objectives
- TPR Focus 2017/2018
- TPR Governance and Admin survey
- Current landscape
- Any Barriers
- The Future...
- Terms of Reference

Contents

- Regulating Public Service Pension Boards
- TPR focus 2017/18
 - Governance
 - Record keeping
 - Internal controls
 - Member communications
- Challenges ahead
- Questions

Legislative requirements Code of practice – No 14

Governing your scheme

- 1. Knowledge and understanding required by pension board members
- 2. Conflicts of interest and representation
- 3. Publishing information about schemes

Managing risks

4. Internal controls

Administration

- 5. Scheme record-keeping
- 6. Maintaining contributions
- 7. Providing information to members

Resolving issues

- 8. Internal dispute resolution
- 9. Reporting breaches of the law

The Pensions Regulator

Regulatory powers

Our powers

- Collect data through scheme return
- Information require any relevant person to produce any relevant document or information
- Inspection send in an inspector
- Skilled person report require scheme managers to provide a report made by a skilled person nominated by the regulator
- Improvement notices and third party notices require specific action to be taken within a certain time.
- Appoint skilled person to assist the pension board
- Report misappropriation notify the scheme manager about pension board conflicts or misuse regarding assets
- Recover unpaid contributions from employers on behalf of the scheme manager
- Publish reports about a case
- **Civil penalties** up to £5,000 to an individual or £50,000 to a corporate body

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Roles and responsibilities

Responsible authority

 The responsible authority designs the scheme and makes the scheme regulations, which will specify the Scheme manager and the matters for which the Pension board is responsible. For the Firefighters Pension Scheme (England) the responsible authority is the Home Secretary (Home Office)

Scheme manager

 The Scheme manager has overall management or administration responsibility for a scheme. For the Firefighters Pension Scheme the administering authority is the Scheme manager.

Roles and responsibilities (cont)

Pension boards

- Pension boards are responsible for assisting the Scheme manager in securing compliance with:
 - scheme regulations
 - other governance and administration legislation
 - any requirements of The Pensions Regulator
 - additional matters, if specified by scheme regulations
 - Pension boards need to have an equal number of employer representatives and member representatives. They may also have other types of members, such as independent experts.

Roles and responsibilities (cont)

Scheme advisory board

 The scheme advisory board is responsible for advising the Responsible authority about possible scheme changes. In some schemes, the board may also advise Scheme managers and/or Pension boards on improving the administration and management of the scheme.

The Pensions Regulator

 The Pensions Regulator (TPR) and government departments have roles in relation to public service schemes. TPR directly regulates Scheme managers and pension boards, but will engage with other stakeholders.

Scheme administrators

 The scheme administrator keep records, collect contributions and pay benefits to members. They may be in-house or a third party.

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Roles and responsibilities (cont)

Employers

- Employers may carry out a number of tasks including:
- paying contributions; keeping and providing data to the scheme manager and/or administrator
- dealing with disputes

Scheme advisers

 Advisers and service providers can help those governing and administering schemes to make informed decisions.

TPR focus 2017/18

- Ongoing risk assessment and intelligence gathering
 - Survey shortly for publication 90% response rate covering 98% of combined membership.
- Increasing focus on locally-administered schemes
- Key focus areas:
 - Governance
 - Record-keeping
 - Internal controls
 - Member communications

We will use our educate/enable/enforce regulatory approach to help schemes comply and address key risks

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Governance

- Scheme manager accountable party for most requirements.
- Some confusion remains on roles and responsibilities especially on pension boards
- Variety of practice in how scheme managers work with pension boards.
 - Scheme managers should use this valuable resource
 - Pension boards should take an active role in identifying key risks and driving forward improvements
- 21C governance key focus for TPR this year
 - Includes basic compliance

Record - keeping

- Good record keeping is a key part to the good running of a scheme
- All schemes need to have good records to meet legal obligations
- We know from engagement that standards vary widely, and some schemes do not prioritise this appropriately, so
- TPR expects
 - Scheme managers to engage with administrators over service and security
 - Assess data and put in place a plan to address issues
- Further messaging on record-keeping due this year, including guidance on developing an improvement plan and setting out expectations on data security

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Internal Controls

- The scheme manager must establish and operate adequate internal controls to enable them to administer and manage their scheme in accordance with the scheme rules and the law.
- Internal controls are systems, arrangements and procedures for:
 - scheme administration and management
 - monitoring that administration and management

Includes:

- Managing risk
- Controls around administrators and employers (lessons from the NAO report)

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Regulator

Identifying and reporting breaches of the law

Reporting breaches of the law

- Legal duty to report a breach of the law that is likely of material significance to TPR for
 - Scheme Manager
 - Pension Board Member
 - Professional Advisers
 - Employers
 - Administrators and others providing advice to the Manager
- Reporters to determine if a breach has occurred based on reasonable cause and not a mere suspicion
- TPR provides <u>example scenarios and RAG system for assessing scale of materiality</u>, by way of
 - Cause
 - Effect
 - Reaction
 - Wider implications

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Member communications

- New requirement to issue Annual Benefit Statement
- Lessons learnt from early LGPS experience fed into a <u>quick</u> guide
- We expect schemes to tackle the issues faced in the early years and for the proportion of members who receive their statements on time to improve
- Good communications are not just timely and accurate, but also clear – many pension boards advise on this perspective.

Useful Links

- The Pensions Regulator (TPR) http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/
- TPR Code of Practice No 14 Governance and Administration of Public Service Pension Schemes

http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/public-service-schemes/code-of-practice.aspx

- Public Service area on TPR website
 http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/public-service-schemes.aspx
- TPR Public Service Scheme Self Assessment Toolkit
 http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/public-service-schemes/assess-your-scheme.aspx
- TPR Public Service Personal Self Assessment Tool https://education.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/login/index.php
- TPR guidance on Pension Scams

 http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/pension-scams.aspx
- TPR News by email
- https://forms.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/news-by-email/subscribe gulator



Who's Who

Pension Board



- Assist Scheme Manager
- Ensure Compliance
- Ensure efficiency & effectiveness of administration
- Advise on member communications
- Monitor complaints

Scheme Manager



- Administer schemes
- Make scheme decisions
- Issue Communications
- Publish data
- Auditing
- IDRP

Scheme Advisory



- Advise Secretary of State on request of desirability to change of scheme rules
- Cost Cap/Valuation
- Support LPB's
- Benchmarking
- Oversee standards
- Strategic communications



TPR Admin and Governance Survey

Comments provided in confidence



Key Processes

- Conflicts Policy and Procedure
- Knowledge and Understanding
- Assessing & Managing Risks
- Identify, assess & report breaches of law
- Processes to monitor records for all membership types
- Have a process in place for resolving payment issues
- Only 32% of Fire schemes reported having all 6 key processes in place



Internal Controls

- However, some concerning gaps remain:
 - 28% of schemes could not confirm they had risk processes in place and 30% are potentially operating without a risk register.
 - Though scheme managers, pension board members and other parties have a duty to report breaches of the law to us in certain circumstances, 16% of schemes could still not confirm if they had processes in place to do so.
- These gaps are mainly in locally-administered <u>firefighters</u> and police pension schemes. We will focus our face-to-face education on these schemes and work with scheme advisory <u>boards</u> where appropriate to drive real improvements in the coming year.



Scheme Managers

- We are concerned that a significant minority of scheme managers and pension board members may not be effective in, or even fully aware of, their governance duties:
 - 23% of survey responses were completed without involving the scheme manager, who is ultimately accountable for most of the legal requirements. The pension board chair was involved in only 28% of survey responses, and other pension board members in only 21%.
 - Over a quarter (27%) of scheme managers do not attend pension board meetings regularly, and 17% never attend.
 - Our discussions with scheme managers, pension boards and other stakeholders have highlighted some gaps in understanding the roles and responsibilities of various parties involved in public service pension schemes, particularly pension boards.









Governance

Record keeping

Internal controls

Member communications



Internal Controls

Scheme Manager Engagement

- Can you identify who is the delegated scheme manager
- Does the scheme manager regularly attend board meetings?
- Does the chair of the board have regular meetings with the scheme manager
- Are there barriers to the above

Arrangements and
Procedures for
administration and
scheme management

- Are they the same thing?
- Who is responsible for managing the scheme, does that include administration?

Who monitors?

- Does the 'scheme manager' get reports
- Does the scheme manager report to the Chief Fire Officer.
- Does the chief report to the authority?
- What escalation procedures are there?



TPR Assessment Tool

Results

Using this report

In this report we have provided an indicative risk rating for each answer you selected, alongside some guidance and links to additional information. This report does not provide an assessment of compliance with the law – it indicates areas that might be of particular concern and where you may wish to focus. You should seek legal advice where required.

To minimise the risk of non-compliance with the law, you should conduct a comprehensive review of your scheme against the requirements set out in the legislation and the guidance provided in our code of practice. Statistics refer to findings from TPR's 2015 survey into the Governance and Administration of Public Service Schemes.

Governing your scheme Managing risks and issues Administration O O Percentage of questions answered: Percentage of questions answered:



Simple Risk Register?

	Governing your scheme	Managing risks and issues (internal controls)	Administration
Low			
Medium			
High			



TPR – Example Risk Register

Public Service toolkit downloadable

Example risk register

Risk area 1 – Operations	Likelthood (1: least likely, 10: most likely)	Impact (1: least likely, 10: most likely)	Score (likelihood x impact)	Control	Owner	Tost	Next review	Comment
Operational disaster (fire/flood etc)	1	6	6	Business continuity procedures in place for administrator	Scheme manager	Annual	Q1 Y2	Up-to-date business resiliency programme provided by administrator as at 01/01 Y2, reviewed by scheme manager at meeting in O1 Y2
				Business continuity plans in place for scheme manager	Scheme manager	Annual	Q2 Y2	Documented programme in place to ensure continuity will be provided by pension finance manager to scheme manager in time for quarterly meeting in O2 Y2
	Contracts with all advisers and suppliers are recorded on central database		Pension finance manager	Annual	Q1 Y3	Contracts held in hard copy in safe, and electronically in secure area of scheme management intranet. Checked by pension finan manager January Y2		
Member data Incomplete or Inaccurate	5	7	35	Annual report from administrator, used as basis for rectification plan	Scheme manager	Annual	Q3 Y2	Initial rectification plan completed Q3 Y1. New report received from administrator at Q1 Y2 meeting, revised rectification plan agreed with administrator. To review progress at Q3 quarterly meeting
				'Not known at this address' returns from annual statements checked by tracing agency	Pension administrator	Annual	Q2 Y2	Details provided by administrator mid January Y2, passed to tracing agency at end of January. 25% traced by quarterly meeting in Q1, update will be provided to scheme manager for Q2 meeting
Administration process failure/ maladministration	4	8	32	Formal agreement in place with administrator, Including SLAs	Pension finance manager	Annual	Q1 Y3	Last reviewed Q2 Y1, three year agreement
				Authority levels clearly agreed and kept up-to-date	Scheme manager	Annual	Q2 Y2	Last reviewed Q2 Y1
				Review Independent audit reports of administrator's processes	Scheme manager	Annual	Q2 Y2	AAF01/06 held by administrator as at DD/MM/YYYY
				Ongoing dialogue with third party administrator	Pension administration manager	Ongoing	CIZ YZ	Weekly phone calls between persion administrator manager and third party administrator, plus ad hoc calls when necessary
				Written reports and quarterly presentations by administrator to scheme manager	Scheme manager	Quarterly	Q2 Y2	Next report from administrator due two weeks before quarterly meeting



Reporting and recording breaches

	Potential investigation outcomes							
	Cause	Effect	Reaction	Wider implications				
Red	Pension board members have failed to take steps to acquire and retain the appropriate degree of knowledge and understanding about the scheme's administration policies	A pension board member does not have knowledge and understanding of the scheme's administration policy about conflicts of interest. The pension board member fails to disclose a potential conflict, which results in the member acting improperly	Pension board members do not accept responsibility for their failure to have the appropriate knowledge and understanding or demonstrate negative/non-compliant entrenched behaviours The scheme manager does not take appropriate action to address the failing in relation to conflicts	It is highly likely that the scheme will be in breach of other legal requirements. The pension board do not have an appropriate level of knowledge and understanding and in turn are in breach of their legal requirement. Therefore, they are not fulfilling their role to assist the scheme manager and the scheme is not being properly governed				
Amber	Pension board members have gaps in their knowledge and understanding about some areas of the scheme's administration policies and have not assisted the scheme manager in securing compliance with internal dispute resolution requirements	Some members who have raised issues have not had their complaints treated in accordance with the scheme's internal dispute resolution procedure (IDRP) and the law	The scheme manager has failed to adhere precisely to the detail of the legislation where the breach is unlikely to result in an error or misunderstanding or affect member benefits	It is possible that the scheme will be in breach of other legal requirements. It is possible that the pension board will not be properly fulfilling their role in assisting the scheme manager				
Green	Pension board members have isolated gaps in their knowledge and understanding	The scheme manager has failed to adhere precisely to the detail of the legislation where the breach is unlikely to result in an error or misunderstanding or affect member benefits	Pension board members take action to review and improve their knowledge and understanding to enable them to properly exercise their functions and they are making quick progress to address gaps in their knowledge and understanding. They assist the scheme manager to take prompt and effective action to remedy the breach	It is unlikely that the scheme will be in breach of other legal requirements. It is unlikely that the pension board is not fulfilling their role in assisting the scheme manager				

http://www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk/docs/PS-reporting-breaches-examples-traffic-light-framework.pdf



Potential negative outcomes

- Censure by the Pensions Regulator (TPR) for noncompliance with the requirements of the Public Service Pensions Act 2013 and other primary legislation.
- Findings against the authority by the Pensions Ombudsman.
- Failure to fulfil financial responsibilities in accordance with Accounts and Audit (England) regulations 2011.
- Overpayment or underpayment of pension amounts.
- Incomplete data leading to valuation assumptions which could result in increased employer contributions.
- Incorrect tax liabilities for the authority and scheme members.



Key Documents

- Terms of Reference
- Nomination and Selection Policy
- Code of Conduct
- Conflicts Policy
- Knowledge and Understanding Policy
- Recording and Reporting Breaches Policy
- Training Plan



	Pension Board Training Plan							
2								
LGA Induction Day					20/07/2015			
TPR E-Learning - Conflicts of Interest	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015	28/07/2015	12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Managing Risk and Internal Controls	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015		12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Maintaining Accurate Member Data	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015		12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Maintaining Member Contributions	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015		12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Providing Information to members and others	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015		12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Resolving Internal Disputes	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015		12/10/2015	17/08/2015
TPR E-Learning - Reporting Breaches of the law	22/07/2015		12/10/2015	19/08/2015	14/08/2015	30/07/2015	12/10/2015	17/08/2015
training session 4/9/15	04/00/2045	04/00/2045	04/09/15 &	04/00/2045	04/00/2045		00/40/2045	04/00/2045
(Overview of schemes) ECFRS Pension Board	04/09/2015	04/09/2015	08/10/15	04/09/2015	04/09/2015		08/10/2015	04/09/2015
training session 12/10/15 (Modified Scheme)		12/10/2015	12/10/2015	12/10/2015	12/10/2015		12/10/2015	



Data Processes?

Mid Month Tapers

- Are pension boards comfortable they will comply with regulations and deduct contributions on time
- · How will the changes be managed

Pensionable Pay

• Are pension boards comfortable that 2015 pensionable pay can be identified.

Supplying data to the administrator

- · Mid month contribution changes
- · CARE and Final Salary Pensionable Pay
- · APP for retirement and death cases
- Final Pay
- On time for valuation and annual benefit statement purposes



Example agenda items

- Self-Assessment Tool
- Progress of risk register
- Reporting breaches
- Status report on meeting ABS and reconciliation deadlines
- Training log
- Report from regional group
- Report from members?
- Barriers to being effective?



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